### **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17 Month 7		2016/17 Budget	Forecast Outturn	Forecast Variance	Forecast Variance	2016/17 Savings	Savings Achieved/	Savings At
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	-	Anticipated	Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
0	Director of Families, Children & Learning	344	249	(95)	-27.6%	100	100	0
2,465	Health, SEN & Disability Services	34,384	36,691	2,307	6.7%	4,008	3,505	552
254	Education & Skills	8,111	8,200	89	1.1%	786	849	92
854	Children's Safeguarding & Care	37,646	39,103	1,457	3.9%	2,971	791	2,250
(30)	Quality Assurance & Performance	1,642	1,605	(37)	-2.3%	0	0	0
3,543	Total Families, Children & Learning	82,127	85,848	3,721	4.5%	7,865	5,245	2,894

Explanation of Key Variances (Note: FTE/WTE = Full/Whole Time Equivalent)

Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Director of F	Families, Children & Learning		
(95)	Stronger Families	Vacant posts being held pending reductions in grant funding for next year.	
Health, SEN	N & Disability Services		
(120)	Demand-Led - Disability Agency Placements	It is currently forecast that there will be 11.45 FTE disability agency placements during 2016/17. The budget allows for 14.00 FTE and this has resulted in the projected underspend of £0.120m.	
69	In-house residential and respite services	Increasing use of overtime and agency staff providing residential and respite care for disabled children with complex needs. These services are contributing to the reduced spending on Disability Agency Placements above.	

	_		Appendix 2 – Revenue Budget Performance
Key Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
2,131	Demand Led - Learning Disability Adults - Community Care	There has been an increase in the level of clients presenting with greater complexity of need in recent months. This has resulted in an increase in the average unit costs for Learning Disability Care packages. The overspend predominantly relates to Supported Accommodation and Direct Payments which have shown a significant increase in activity since April 2015.	Continued review of care packages to ensure provision of services is effective, appropriate and value for money. Making the best use of in-house resources is also critical. Continued exploration of ways to reduce the need for high cost care and admissions into residential homes.  Also, talking to NHS colleagues regarding the impact of the transforming care programme.
48	Learning Disability Adults - Assessment	This is due to additional staffing related to Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards and staffing being recruited beyond establishment for project work.	
274	Learning Disability Adults - Inhouse provision	The income target for Able & Willing has risen significantly in the last few years to £0.490m. The level of sales being generated however is considerably below the required rate and it is anticipated that there will be a shortfall of £0.198m in 2016/17.  This is being offset by underspends against staffing costs and non pay costs.	Review of the Able & Willing service and exploring ways to maximise income revenue streams.
Education 8	Skills		

		<i></i>	ppendix 2 - Revenue Budget Penormance
Key Variances £'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
266	Home to School Transport	<ul> <li>The overspend is due to:</li> <li>Additional costs of the new contract introduced last year following the retendering exercise;</li> <li>Less impact of Independent Travel Training than anticipated;</li> <li>Increased costs in 16-19 travel;</li> <li>Additional recoupment costs.</li> </ul> The overspend reflects the latest numbers of children (350) being transported. An analysis has been undertaken with the budget holder for each area of the budget and the latest position reflects the estimated outturn position based on current information.	Further work is taking place to understand the increased costs of transport and identify mitigations.
12	Youth Service	An element of the 2016/17 budget savings strategy for the youth service was based on reducing the costs for premises following a review of buildings. At this stage it is unlikely that these savings will materialise, however this is now being partially off-set by savings on vacant posts.	Negotiations are currently underway with third sector providers to increase delivery from the Youth Service buildings.
(90)	Access to Education	This underspend relates to a reorganisation and reduction in management costs.	

			Appendix 2 – Revenue Budget Performance
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
(40)	Early Years - Nurseries and Children's Centres	Nurseries – The overspend of £0.100m has decreased because of a further increase in income. The nursery restructure will be implemented by January and will match the number of staff to the number of children in each nursery. There will be some savings because of staff leaving on Voluntary Severance and more efficient shift patterns. Savings from changes in grades will not be realised until the end of three years protected pay.  Children's centres – the underspend of £0.103m is due to additional income from midwifery, gaps in vacancies being filled and further reductions in running costs.  In addition there is a £0.010m underspend due to no sufficiency grants being funded for early years providers.	The restructure of the nurseries is progressing and some savings are expected but at this stage is difficult to quantify the level of the savings due to uncertainties around voluntary severance and protected pay.
Children's S	Safeguarding & Care		
	Demand-Led - Residential Agency Placements	The projected number of residential placements (32.32 FTE) is broken down as 29.29 FTE social care residential placements (children's homes), 3.00 FTE schools placements and 0.02 FTE family assessment placements. The budget allowed for 27.70 FTE social care residential care placements, 3.90 FTE schools placements and 0.40 FTE family assessment placements. The average unit costs of these placements is also higher than the budgeted level for all placement	Regular reviews of any placement in a residential setting are being undertaken and there are plans for a number of children to move them to alternative placements in the community where this is appropriate.

Vov			Appendix 2 - Nevende Budget i errormance
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
		types. The number of children's placements is 0.32 FTE above the budgeted level and together with the high unit costs results in the overspend of £0.388m.	
697	Demand-Led - Independent Foster Agency (IFA) Placements	The number of children placed in Independent Foster Agency placements has decreased in recent years. During 2015/16 there were 158.06 FTE. The current projected number of placements in 2016/17 is 130.72 FTE, a reduction of 17.3%. The budget for IFA placements included significant levels of savings and was set at 121.00 FTE. The numbers being higher than the budget by 9.72 FTE results in a projected overspend of £0.697m.	This project is working very well and with a reduction in children in Care (CIC) is enabling the service to achieve an improved financial outcome. If both factors continue, it may be possible to achieve greater savings. It is, however, anticipated that the recruitment of new in-house foster carers will reduce the overspend by £0.200m.
212	Demand-Led - Secure Accommodation	It is estimated that during 2016/17 there will be 1.84 FTE secure (welfare) placements and 0.74 FTE secure (justice) placements. The budget allowed for 1.00 FTE welfare and 1.00 FTE justice placements during the year. There is currently two children in a secure (welfare) placement and two in a secure (criminal) placement resulting in a projected overspend of £0.212m.	Secure placements are only used as a last resort. They are used when deprivation of a young person's liberty is the only solution which will enable work to start to keep them safe on exit from the unit. The Adolescent Service is being successful in reducing the risk and stepping down needs and it is planned that the service will be able to impact on the number of young people requiring secure placements.
841	Demand-Led - Semi- independent/Supported placements	The number of semi-independent and supported living placements is projected to be 26.82 FTE and this is 8.32 FTE above the budgeted level. In addition, the average unit cost of these placements is £396.61 per week higher than the budget and this results in an overspend of £0.841m.	It will be difficult to achieve any savings in this area due to pressures elsewhere in the system.

17			Appendix 2 - Nevenue Budget Ferformance
Key			
Variances	Samina Araa	Variance Description	Mitigation Stratogy (Overenenda Only)
£'000	Service Area  Demand-Led - In-House	Variance Description As at the 31st December 2016 there were	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
(163)	Fostering	154 children placed with 'in-house' foster carers and 151.34 FTE for the year. The budget was based on an increasing trend over the last few years and was set at 156.50 FTE placements. This has resulted in the current projected underspend of £0.163m. There is currently work ongoing to increase the number of in-house foster carers and this should result in a net reduction in costs.	The project will try to increase the number of in house foster carers by more than predicted.
(144)	Demand-Led - Family & Friends placements, Child Arrangement Orders and Special Guardianship Orders	The budget allows for 310.00 FTE placements of these types. It is currently anticipated that there will be 292.74 FTE children in these placements during 2016/17 and this results in the underspend of £0.144m.	
479	Demand-Led - Care Leavers	The projected number of care leaver placements in 2016/17 is 81.30 FTE. The budget allows for 58.10 FTE placements. The increase mainly relates to growing numbers of Staying Put placements (44.88 FTE in 2016/17). In addition, the average unit cost is also higher than the budget resulting in an overall overspend of £0.479m.	The right of 18 year olds to decide to 'Stay Put' with their foster carers is a requirement on the service and one which we are tasked to encourage as in the best interests of young people. We do not anticipate this spend reducing. The current Social Work Bill is likely to lead to increased pressure in this area.
(78)	Demand-Led Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Children (UASC) Grant	The numbers of unaccompanied asylum seeking children has increased considerably in the last 12 months. The costs of looking after these children is funded by a grant from the home office and the grant is in access of the estimated value by £0.078m	

			Appendix 2 - Revenue Budget Performance
Key Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
271	Social Work Teams	The overspend within the social work teams relates predominantly to use of agency staff. This is a result of a large number of vacant posts across the social work teams at present and a difficulty in retaining experienced staff. There are currently 25 locum social workers employed within the social work service resulting in additional costs of £1.705m.	The new model for social work adopted in Brighton & Hove has attracted a lot of interest from social workers from other areas and those employed as agency staff currently. With the potential agreement to a market supplement payment, it is hoped that it will be possible to achieve further reductions in agency spend.
(603)	Adoption	Following changes to adoption regulations and a re-basing of the inter-agency budget, it is anticipated that there will be an underspend in 2016/17. This is based on estimated income from other agencies which was considerably higher last year than in previous years. In addition, it includes income from the new Inter Agency Adoption Fee Grant.	
(162)	Fostering and Adoption teams	There are currently a number of vacant posts across the fostering and adoption teams.	

# **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17		2016/17	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	2016/17	Savings	Savings
Month 7		Budget	Outturn	Variance	Variance	Savings	Achieved/	At
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Proposed	Anticipated	Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
978	Adult Social Care	29,644	30,416	772	2.6%	2,851	2,851	0
(145)	Integrated Commissioning	8,701	8,518	(183)	-2.1%	159	159	0
419	S75 Sussex Partnership Foundation Trust (SPFT)	11,634	12,237	603	5.2%	246	246	0
(75)	Public Health	1,242	1,242	0	0.0%	1,096	1,096	0
1,177	Total Health & Adult Social Care	51,221	52,413	1,192	2.3%	4,352	4,352	0

# Explanation of Key Variances (Note: FTE/WTE = Full/Whole Time Equivalent)

Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Adult Social	Care		
(11)	Demand-Led Community Care - No Recourse to Public Funds	The average unit cost is slightly lower than the budgeted unit cost resulting in the small underspend of £0.007m.	
572	Demand-Led Community Care - Physical & Sensory Support	The number of WTE care packages is significantly greater than the budgeted level. This is partly the result of increasing numbers of 'new' older people being discharged from hospital requiring social care services for the first time, as well as increased community demand.	Numbers of clients requiring social care services have been higher than anticipated and work is ongoing to look at reducing admissions to nursing and residential homes.  There is a need to work with all partners both NHS and independent sector to promote well being and reablement.

Key			Appendix 2 - Nevenue Budget Ferformance
Variances	Camilaa Anaa	Variance Description	Militaria a Charles and Carana and Carles
<b>£'000</b> 79	Service Area  Demand-Led Community Care - Substance Misuse	Variance Description  There are relatively small numbers of clients within this service and this is in line with the expected demand. The average unit costs however are slightly higher than anticipated and this accounts for the small overspend.	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
633	Deprivation of Liberty Safeguarding (DOLS)	The level of new referrals increased significantly in the last half of 2015/16, rising from 122 in October 2015 to 190 in April 2016. It is estimated that referrals will increase by 25% in 2016/17 to just fewer than 3,100 for new and repeat referrals.	This is a key pressure area for which additional resources will be required and in future years will need to be mitigated by either additional resources (e.g. Adult Social Care precepts) or by savings elsewhere.
(142)	Carers Support	More efficient use of Better Care Fund resources will result in an underspend in the carers support budget.	
104	Hostel Accommodation	There has been a delay in the transfer of a Hostel to a new building which has resulted in pressures on rent costs and Housing Benefit income.	A new building is being identified for the Hostel and the move is expected next financial year.
299	Community Equipment Store (Better Care Fund S75 Pooled Budget)	The Community Equipment Store has reported an overspend of £1.384m to the Better Care Board however this should be offset in part by other underspends within Better care. The £0.299m reflects a residual risk of £0.598m of which the council has a 50% risk share with the CCG.	
151	Older people resource centres	The overspend relates to use of Care Crew agency staffing pressures across the resource centres.	
(575)	Home Care & Night Home Care Service	The Night Home Care Service has closed and they have also made additional staffing savings. This forms part of the budget proposals for 2017/18.	

1/			Appendix 2 - Nevende Budget i enformance
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
(337)	Assessment & SIT	This is due to a number of vacancies across	
		the Assessment teams.	
Integrated C	Commissioning		
(122)	Carers Support	More efficient use of Better Care Fund	
		resources will result in an underspend in the	
		Carers Support budget.	
(84)	Integrated Commissioning	Due to vacancies within the Commissioning	
(- )	3	teams.	
S75 Sussex	Partnership Foundation Trust (SF	PFT)	
	Demand-Led - Memory	There are higher numbers of WTE care	Increased scrutiny of all complex or high
	Cognition Support	packages than are funded in the budget; the	cost care packages to ensure value for
		unit costs are also higher than had been	money against eligible care needs. Where
		anticipated resulting in the overspend of	possible, no placements are made above
		£0.415m. This is due to a current lack of	the agreed Local Authority rates. The
		affordable residential and nursing home	Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) have
		placements within the city.	agreed additional funding of £0.850m to
			offset the risks on the Community Care
			budget. The Risk Share arrangement with
			SPFT assumes a 50:50 split of any
			remaining overspend up to a cap of
			£0.250m.
			A Continuing Health Care Taskforce is in
			place to ensure that all appropriate funding
331	Demand-Led - Mental Health	Numbers of WTE clients are lower than the	sources are identified.
	Support	budget allocation but the average unit costs	
		are significantly higher due to the increasing	
		need and complexity of this client group and	
		it is this that results in the overspend of	
		£0.255m.	
(38)	Demand-Led - Staff teams	Underspends resulting from vacancies and	
		turnover.	

Key Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
(250)	Demand-Led - SPFT risk share	The risk share arrangements with SPFT have been agreed for two years. The risk will be shared 50/50 with a cap at £0.250m, the breaching of which would trigger further discussions with the CCG.	

### **Economy, Environment & Culture**

### **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17		2016/17	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	2016/17	Savings	Savings
Month 7		Budget	Outturn	Variance	Variance	Savings	Achieved/	At
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Proposed	Anticipated	Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
(876)	Transport	(6,237)	(7,194)	(957)	-15.3%	980	813	167
(52)	City Environmental Management	28,365	28,224	(141)	-0.5%	1,330	1,316	14
312	City Development & Regeneration	2,844	3,043	199	7.0%	226	216	10
(177)	Culture	4,446	4,125	(321)	-7.2%	572	364	208
(60)	Property & Design	3,567	3,469	(98)	-2.7%	789	769	20
(853)	Total Economy, Environment & Culture	32,985	31,667	(1,318)	-4.0%	3,897	3,478	419

Key Variances £'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Transport			
(124)	Asset & Network Management	Underspends due to establishment management pending the service redesign (£0.081m) and highways licencing and other income (£0.089m) are partly offset by £0.020m overspend on the gulley cleansing contract due to three major flood events so far this year and other minor variances.	

		-	Appendix 2 Revenue Buuget i errormanoe
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
198	Head of Transport	The implementation of the service redesign is now anticipated later than originally planned resulting in a savings risk of £0.167m; 0.022m for the planned recruitment of a Commercial Manager post to support actions identified in the service and financial plans across the EEC Directorate; £0.009m forecast overspend on traffic research costs.	Various vacancies are being held across the Transport service area pending the service redesign.
(856)	Parking & Network Operations	Forecast over-achievement of permit fee income of (£0.650m) due to continued uptake in traders and visitors permits, as well as suspension permit parking due to a number of developments in the city. Other net favourable variances totalling (£0.206m) represent increased demand in particular areas such Regency Square following the opening of the i360.	
(225)	Transport Projects	Various underspend variances includes reduced borrowing and other costs relating to public transport (£0.076m), contractual income from the bus shelter contract (£0.072m), and reduced contribution to the Sussex Safer Roads Partnership following a change to funding of (£0.051m)	
City Environ	nmental Management		
(72)	Sport and Leisure	Expenditure underspends held in advance of future year budget savings as well as minor in year underspends across a range of expenditure areas.	

Key Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
(69)	Strategy & Projects	Salary forecasts have been updated following the implementation of a service redesign. Underspends largely relate to vacant post held during the redesign and following increased recruitment controls. The forecast variance is net of a forecast £0.014m saving risk relating to income from textile recycling.	
•	pment & Regeneration		
319	Applications	Forecast under-achievement on Development Planning and Building Control fee income of £0.130m based on current demand and delays to implementing preplanning application advice charges. Net salary overspend forecast of £0.189m to meet government set timescales to respond to planning applications and regrading of posts following appeal.	Income levels are demand led and dependant on the number of applications and major developments in the City. Potential mitigating actions have not been possible due to pressure on the service to meet government set timescales for respond to planning applications.
63	Head of City Development & Regeneration	Interim management services provided by external agency to support service modernisation and transformation.	
(4)	International & Sustainability	Saving risk of £0.010m due to delays to implementation as part of wider service restructure, to be funded form underspends elsewhere within the service.	
(58)	Major Projects	Underspends in net salary costs following recharge of project manager staff time to capital funded schemes.	
(69)	Planning Policy and Major Projects	Underspends in salary costs due to vacancies being held during a service restructure following increased recruitment controls.	

			ppendix 2 – Revenue Budget Performance
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Culture			
(154)	Tourism	Vacancy management underspend of (£0.086m) to allow for business planning and service delivery review, increased Conference Commission income of (£0.054m) and other minor net underspends.	
(198)	Venues	Income from events, ticket commissions and catering commissions in the current year based on known business and one-off effect of an under accrual from 2015/16.	
Property			
213	Estates	There are net revenue pressures for the Estates service totalling £0.118m. Additionally there are additional security and other costs relating to the Agricultural Estates in the region of £0.095m	Rent income forecasts are monitored and reported on a monthly basis as part of the TBM process. The managing agents acting on behalf of the council seek to maximise the level of rental income from the commercial portfolio.
(310)	Property Services	There are underspends within the Energy Management service of £0.138m due to reductions in electricity costs. There are cost savings in the Premises Management section of £0.155m due mainly to management of vacancies with other services accounting for further underspends of £0.018m.	

### Neighbourhood, Communities & Housing

### **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17		2016/17	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	2016/17	Savings	Savings
Month 7		Budget	Outturn	Variance	Variance	Savings	Achieved/	At
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Proposed	Anticipated	Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
897	Housing General Fund	4,509	5,189	680	15.1%	582	582	0
0	Libraries	4,952	4,952	(0)	0.0%	309	309	0
95	Communities, Equalities & Third Sector	2,873	2,960	87	3.0%	208	108	100
(4)	Regulatory Services	1,983	1,979	(4)	-0.2%	154	154	0
(0)	Community Safety	1,260	1,260	(0)	0.0%	133	133	0
987	Total Neighbourhood, Communities &	15,577	16,340	763	4.9%	1,386	1,286	100
	Housing							

Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Housing Ge	eneral Fund		
650	Temporary Accommodation and Allocations	The net budget for Temporary Accommodation (TA) is £1.459m and the service is currently forecast to spend £2.806m, an overspend of £1.347m. This is due to the lack of affordable accommodation to move people on to which has led to growth in the numbers of households requiring TA. This has been made worse by the need to handback 150 properties through the ending of a key provider relationship leading to the use of more expensive spot purchase accommodation. There is a financial recovery plan which is forecast to reduce costs by £0.597m. Using a contingency sum set aside for homelessness of £0.100m, means that the service is forecast to overspend £0.650m.	The service is currently forecasting to overspend by £1.347m. The current financial recovery plan is now forecast to deliver £0.597m. This plan includes the use of reserves, staff vacancy management and DCLG grant money to improve prevention and incentivise landlords in the private rented sector. It also assumes a reduction to the numbers of households in TA as a result of the new allocation policy approved by PR&G Committee on 8th December. The overspend is further mitigated by the use of £0.100m contingency sum set aside for homelessness.

Key Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
132	Private Sector Housing	Additional pressure of £0.216m (reduced from £0.328m at month 7) has arisen because the Better Care Fund allocation for Disabled Facilities Grant transferred to Housing is less than the indicative amount of £1.590m announced by the Government in February for 2016/17. Recovery plan measures to reduce the overspend are counteracted by this reduction in the allocation passed on to Housing. This is offset by underspends (£0.084m) as a result of vacancies within the private sector housing team and an increase in the recharge of salaries to capital for the adaptations service.	The Better Care Fund approved by the Health & Wellbeing Board allocated some DFG resources to other schemes including carers and protecting social care. However, this needs resolution for future Better Care Fund allocations as the current funding level for DFG is insufficient.
(71)	Housing Strategy	This relates to the service redesign taking pace earlier than originally planned leading to reduced employee costs in 2016/17 as well as further minor underspends throughout housing strategy and development.	
(32)	Travellers es, Equalities & Third Sector	There has been a reduction in the costs rubbish removal and legal costs associated with unauthorised encampments as there has been a significant reduction in the number of these since the opening of the transit and permanent site.	

Key Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
87	Communities, Equalities & Third Sector	The projected variance reflects the cross- cutting saving (£0.200m) from the proposed merger with Community Safety in Public Health of which £0.100m is currently at risk. £0.113m is currently being managed through vacancy management.	This overspend has reduced since the beginning of the financial year, using vacancies to manage this. However, it is unlikely to be mitigated by the end of the year.

### **Finance & Resources**

### **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17		2016/17	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	2016/17	Savings	Savings
Month 7		Budget	Outturn	Variance	Variance	Savings	Achieved/	At
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Proposed	Anticipated	Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
(54)	Finance	10,918	10,700	(218)	-2.0%	810	810	0
(300)	Housing Benefit Subsidy	(676)	(1,001)	(325)	-48.1%	0	0	0
0	HR & Organisational Development	3,106	3,032	(74)	-2.4%	335	335	0
0	ICT	7,310	7,310	0	0.0%	434	434	0
(354)	Total Finance & Resources	20,658	20,041	(617)	-3.0%	1,579	1,579	0

Key			
Variances £'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Finance	Oct vice Area	Variance Description	mitigation otrategy (Overspends only)
(153)	Finance	Vacancy management in Finance & Procurement (£0.105m), reimbursement of audit investigation costs and reduced professional fee costs for the Internal Audit section (£0.048m).	
(65)	Revenues & Benefits	Staffing underspends.	
Housing Be	nefit Subsidy		
(325)	Housing Benefit Subsidy	£0.210m relates to the recovery of former Council Tax Benefit overpayments. Based on data up to the end of September, a surplus of £0.115m is forecast for the subsidy budgets.	

		-	Appendix 2 Revenue Budget i entermanee
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
HR & Organ	nisational Development		
(74)	HR & Organisational Development	Management of vacancies as well as small projected underspends in Occupational Health and Health & Safety	

**Revenue Budget Summary** 

2016/17 Month 7 Variance		2016/17 Budget Month 9	Forecast Outturn Month 9	Forecast Variance Month 9	Forecast Variance Month 9	2016/17 Savings Proposed	Savings Achieved/ Anticipated	Savings At Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
(30)	Corporate Policy	654	624	(30)	-4.6%	167	167	0
0	Legal Services	1,412	1,409	(3)	-0.2%	105	105	0
(9)	Democratic & Civic Office Services	1,838	1,819	(19)	-1.0%	85	85	0
57	Life Events	27	154	127	470.4%	212	152	60
(30)	Performance, Improvement & Programmes	879	849	(30)	-3.4%	46	46	0
0	Communications	754	624	(130)	-17.2%	140	140	0
(12)	Total Strategy, Governance & Law	5,564	5,479	(85)	-1.5%	755	695	60

Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Life Events			
14	Registrars	Staffing cost pressures within the Registrars Service.	The Head of Life Events and Registrations Manager are progressing a service redesign in this area.
16	Elections	Overall cost pressures within Elections Service.	A review of the costs and funding for the Elections Service is being undertaken following the EU referendum.
97	Bereavement Services	Crematorium fee income pressure £0.123m, Vacancy management of £0.053m, other variances £0.027m overspend.	A service redesign is being progressed in this area alongside a further review of fees and charges.

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Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Communica	tions		
(130)	Communications	Management of vacant posts (£0.075m) and supplies and services underspends (£0.055m).	

### **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17 Month 7		2016/17 Budget	Forecast Outturn	Forecast Variance	Forecast Variance	2016/17 Savings	Savings Achieved/	Savings At
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Proposed	Anticipated	Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
(250)	Bulk Insurance Premia	0	(250)	(250)	0.0%	0	0	0
(30)	Concessionary Fares	10,933	10,903	(30)	-0.3%	240	240	0
(380)	Capital Financing Costs	6,705	6,240	(465)	-6.9%	0	0	0
(1)	Levies & Precepts	172	171	(1)	-0.6%	0	0	0
0	Unallocated Contingency & Risk Provisions	3,002	2,859	(143)	-4.8%	0	0	0
(160)	Unringfenced Grants	(15,495)	(15,655)	(160)	-1.0%	0	0	0
(217)	Other Corporate Items	2,334	1,589	(745)	-31.2%	270	270	0
(1,038)	Total Corporate Budgets	7,651	5,857	(1,794)	-23.5%	510	510	0

Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Bulk Insura	nce Premia		
(250)	Bulk Insurance Premia	Expenditure on the settlement of claims is forecast to be lower than budgeted.	
Concession	nary Fares		
(30)	Concessionary Bus Fares	Lower than anticipated reimbursements for concessionary trips.	
Capital Fina	ancing Costs		
(465)	Capital Financing Costs	Additional net borrowing costs of £0.147m will be incurred as a result of bringing forward borrowing to take advantage of historically low borrowing rates. This is expected to make permanent savings of	Overspending is offset by an increase in forecast investment income (see below).

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Key				
Variances				
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation S	trategy (Overspends Only)
		£0.086m per year. This is offset by an increase in forecast investment income as a result of higher forecast investment balances than previously expected. There is also a budget for a contribution to Trusts that is not required (already accounted for in another budget line) and a one-off saving due to the conclusion of the MRP review.		
Unallocated	Contingency & Risk Provisions			
(143)	Contingency	Reduced requirement from general contingency (£0.075m). Reduced requirement from the amount set aside for legal costs relating to temporary accommodation (£0.068m).		
Unringfence	ed Grants			
(78)	Unringfenced Grants	Council Tax Support Admin Subsidy Grant announced in March 2016 is higher than forecast.		
(68)	Unringfenced Grants	Local Reform & Community Voices grant announced in April 2016 is higher than forecast.		
(14)	Unringfenced Grants	Receipt of CLG Transparency Code Set up (£0.013m) and Lead Local Flood Authority (£0.001m) grants		
Other Corpo	orate Items			
(217)	Unfunded Pension Payments	There is a £0.123m underspend relating to overpayments identified in respect of previous years and £0.094m in respect of an in year reduction.		

Key Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
(528)	Centrally Managed Budget	Unidentified income relating to 2014/15 and earlier financial years has been written back in accordance with the council's accounting policy. Release of Adult Social Care contingency to meet Better Care Fund and S75 risk shares (£350k) (see paragraph 3.16).	

### **Housing Revenue Account (HRA)**

### **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17		2016/17	Forecast	Forecast		2016/17	Savings	Savings
Month 7		Budget	Outturn	Variance	Variance	Savings	Achieved/	At
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Proposed	Anticipated	Risk
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	£'000	£'000
(125)	Capital Financing	31,916	31,791	(125)	-0.4%	0	0	0
(7)	Head of Housing HRA	3,197	3,224	27	0.8%	385	385	0
(31)	Head of City Development & Regeneration	264	235	(29)	-11.0%	37	37	0
(13)	Housing Strategy	664	651	(13)	-2.0%	0	0	0
(323)	Income Involvement Improvement	(46,311)	(46,877)	(566)	-1.2%	239	239	0
(961)	Property & Investment	8,369	6,947	(1,422)	-17.0%	348	348	0
(6)	Tenancy Services	1,901	1,793	(108)	-5.7%	384	384	0
(1,466)	Total Housing Revenue Account	0	(2,236)	(2,236)	0.0%	1,393	1,393	0

Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Capital Fina	ancing		
(125)	Capital Financing	Significant reprofiling of HRA capital expenditure from 2015/16 into 2016/17 impacts on the timing of when borrowing is required to be undertaken to fund the expenditure. This has resulted in lower interest charges being incurred during 2016/17 compared to the original budget forecast.	

1.7		r	Appendix 2 - Nevenue Budget Ferformance
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
Income Invo	plvement Improvement		
(283)	Income Management - provisions for debt and DHP fund	The contribution to the HRA debt provision is forecast to be underspent by £0.208m, this is based on the forecast level of arrears and write offs for the year and allowing for welfare reform changes. The HRA budget also includes £0.075m for a contribution to Discretionary Housing Payments(DHP) fund. It is forecast that this contribution will not be required to be called upon this financial year.	
(200)	Income Involvement Improvement - salary forecast	The service is also currently forecast to underspend by £0.200m on employee costs across rent accounting, Housing Customer Services and Income management teams.	
(66)	Tenancy Management office Costs	Underspends of approximately £0.066m relating to a reduction in office costs across the service.	
Property &	Investment		
(688)	Responsive Repairs and Empty Property works	This underspend relates to a reduction in responsive repairs and empty property works expenditure due to the increased capital investment in council dwellings over recent years as well as reducing stock numbers from Right to Buy sales and stock transfer to Seaside Homes.	
(500)	Gas servicing and maintenance	Estimated contract efficiency savings relating to new gas contract which commenced on 1 April 2016.	

		•	Appendix 2 - Nevende Budget i enformance
Key			
Variances			
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)
(300)	Leaseholder Major Works Income	Income from service charges to leaseholders for Major Works is forecast to overachieve by £0.300m, mainly due to the timing of capital works meaning more was rechargeable in 2016/17 than was estimated when setting the budget.	
85	Property & Investment salary forecast	An increase in staff costs partly due to an increase in agency staff covering vacancies and additional quantity surveyor.	A review of the 2017/18 budget.
Tenancy Se	ervices		
(71)	Tenancy Management Property Costs	Forecast underspend of £0.107m for gas and electricity charges which has been offset by various minor variations across Tenancy Services.	
(46)	Rehousing Team	A forecast reduction in the expenditure on decorating vouchers of £0.053m by moving to decorating packs which are cheaper. This is offset by other small variances.	

### **Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)**

### **Revenue Budget Summary**

2016/17 Month 7		2016/17 Budget	Forecast Outturn	Forecast Variance	Forecast Variance
Variance		Month 9	Month 9	Month 9	Month 9
£'000	Service	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
0	Individual Schools Budget (ISB)	123,359	123,359	0	0.0%
(327)	Early Years Block (including delegated to Schools) (This includes Private Voluntary & Independent (PVI) Early Years 3 & 4 year old funding for the 15 hours free entitlement to early years education)	10,629	10,204	(425)	-4.0%
154	High Needs Block (excluding delegated to Schools)	18,409	18,687	278	1.5%
(42)	Exceptions and Growth Fund	5,298	5,233	(65)	-1.2%
0	Grant Income	(157,263)	(157,263)	0	0.0%
(215)	Total Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)	432	220	(212)	-49.1%

Key							
Variances							
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)				
Early Years Block (including delegated to Schools)							
(350)	3 & 4 year old funding	Latest estimate of 3 & 4 year old payments for EYFE based on summer 2016					
(25)	Early Years Pupil Premium	Latest Estimate of payments for early years pupil premium					
(23)	2 year old funding	Latest estimate of 2 year old payments for EYFE based on summer 2016					
(27)	Centrally retained	Miscellaneous minor underspends					

			Appendix 2 – Revenue Budget Performance					
Key								
Variances	Variances							
£'000	Service Area	Variance Description	Mitigation Strategy (Overspends Only)					
High Needs Block (excluding delegated to Schools)								
260	Maintained schools top up funding	High Needs top up to maintained schools (mainstream and special) is higher than budgeted.	A review of top up funding to primary and secondary schools will take place and a report will be prepared for DMT incorporating a number of proposals to address the ongoing pressure.					
150	Post 16 placements	Post 16 pupils SEN placements in educational provision						
50	DSG contributions	Unanticipated DSG contribution to meet General Fund pressures.						
(8)	New Learning Support Service	Savings from Learning Support Service review						
(20)	Other	Other miscellaneous underspends						
(49)	Other	Unallocated 2015/16 budget brought forward.						
(105)	One to One support	Budget now not allocated to support schools						
Exceptions and Growth Fund								
(32)	Exception 1	Mainly school reimbursement for union duties, jury service and suspension.						
(17)	Exception 1	Additional charges to schools for Newly Qualified Teacher service						
(10)	Exception 1	School Meals service						
(6)	Other	Miscellaneous minor overspends						